

ALBERTA—concluded.

Fort McMurray.—*Public School Grounds*—Cairn to commemorate the events connected with the ancient Methye portage trade route, discovered by Peter Pond in 1778 and used continuously for more than a century by fur traders and explorers.

Frog Lake.—*Cemetery*—Cairn to the memory of those massacred there April 2, 1885, by rebel Indians under Big Bear during the North West Rebellion.

Jasper National Park.—*Near Bridge over the Athabaska River*—Cairn to mark the site of Henry House, a post founded by the North West Company in 1811, which later became an important point in the transportation system. *Mouth of the Rocky River*—Cairn to mark the site of Jasper House, a post built by the North West Company between 1827 and 1829. *Old Fort Point, Eastern End of the Bridge over the Athabaska River*—Cairn to commemorate the public services of David Thompson.

L'Amoureux.—*Main Road*—Cairn to mark the site of Fort Augustus, established by the North West Company, 1794, and Fort Edmonton, established by the Hudson's Bay Company, 1795.

Lethbridge.—*Galt Park*—Cairn to mark the site of the first coal mine in Alberta, which was opened on the west bank of the Oldman river by Nicholas Sheran, 1872.

Macleod.—*Intersection of 2nd Ave. and 23rd St.*—Cairn to commemorate the arrival of the North West Mounted Police, October, 1874, and their establishment of this post, which brought law and order into a wild and lawless country.

Peace River.—*Lot 9, Shaftesbury Settlement*—Cairn to mark the site of Fort Fork, in which Sir Alexander Mackenzie wintered in 1792-93, and from which he set out on his quest for the Western Sea.

Rocky Mountain House.—*Main Highway*—Cairn to mark the site of the post built by the North West Company, 1799, which was occupied on different occasions by David Thompson.

Wetaskiwin.—*Edward St.*—Cut-stone monument to commemorate the public services of Rev. Father Lacombe and Rev. John McDougall whose influence with the Indians, during the troublous days of 1885, was a powerful factor in the preservation of peace in Alberta.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Alexandria.—*Cariboo Road*—Cairn to mark the site of Fort Alexandria, 1821, the last post established by the North West Company west of the Rocky mountains, and Sir Alexander Mackenzie's farthest point in the descent of the Fraser river, 1793.

Bamfield.—*Cable Building*—Tablet to commemorate the events connected with the laying of the British state-owned cable, the movement for which was initiated by Sir Sandford Fleming in 1879.

Barkerville.—*Main Road*—Cairn to commemorate the events connected with the centre of old Cariboo. The Cariboo gold fields, discovered in 1861, have been an important source of gold production.

Bella Coola.—*North Shore of Dean Channel*—Monument to mark the western terminus of the first journey across the continent of North America; it was reached by Alexander Mackenzie of the North West Company, with nine companions, on July 21, 1793.

Fort Steele.—*Fort Steele-Fernie Highway*—Cairn to mark the site of the first North West Mounted Police fort in British Columbia, 1887.

Friendly Cove.—*Entrance to Nootka Sound*—Cairn to commemorate its discovery in March, 1778, by Captain James Cook. Spain took possession in 1789 and maintained a settlement until 1795.

Hope.—*Intersection of Wallace and Water Sts.*—Cairn to mark the site of Fort Hope, built by the Hudson's Bay Company, 1848.